

Probably fair.
Cooler.
Northerly winds.

ANOTHER FUNERAL DAY

St. Louis Churches Held Memorial Services for the Victims.

FIFTY THOUSAND VISITORS

Fifty-one funerals in the city proper and thirty-nine in East St. Louis. Funerals for the victims have been held in the city proper and in East St. Louis.

St. Louis, May 31.—(Grand and Florissant avenues, the main thoroughfares of Bellefontaine and Calvary cemeteries, were crowded today with a continuous stream of carriages, following the victims of the tornado to their last resting places.

The appearance of the horses in the sad procession alone punctuated the points where one funeral party ended and another began. There was a sunless sky, and the sombre clouds dropped a misty rain, as if nature were weeping at her own dreadful work. Fifty-one of the victims were buried today in this city and thirty-nine in East St. Louis.

The work of searching the ruins has gone steadily on. Two hundred workmen were set to work upon the ruins of the city hospital.

Health Officer Starkoff is of the opinion that a number of bodies are under the ruins, and the work was pushed with vigor. Up to 6 p. m. no bodies were found. Lack of labor in East St. Louis hampers search work. The labor agent is abroad in that city, and his infirmities work has had its effect, as in some cases \$1 an hour was demanded for searching the ruins.

THOUSANDS OF VISITORS

Three patients died in St. Mary's hospital in East St. Louis today. They were John Kelley, Mrs. Ellen Hennessy and Adolph Hamel. Most of the work there is directed to searching the ruins of the Vandall freight depot and other buildings about the Eastern approach of the Eads bridge.

All the railroads have placed on sale "tornado rates" at all points within a radius of 250 miles of St. Louis and today there are 50,000 strangers here viewing the ruins.

Relief work has been systematized. Dr. W. W. Boyd, chairman of the committee, says that 2,500 deserving applicants have received assistance today. The fund for this purpose this morning footed up \$91,568. The mails are beginning to bring subscriptions from the whole country. While the demand for help is great, it is still believed that the citizens of this city will be able to care for all without appealing for outside help.

The exaggeration of damage to large buildings and hotels by newspaper correspondents, is the cause of much indignation. No one large hotel in this city suffered, even temporary inconvenience.

CONVENTION BUILDING

The convention auditorium, which was represented to be obliterated, is reported to be slightly damaged. Contractor McCune has repaired the building and to-morrow it will be turned over to the Business Men's League, ready for occupation.

The city is rapidly recovering from the shock of the disaster and very soon the storm will be only a date in local history. The only addition to the death list in St. Louis today is Carlo Alfano, a peddler, who died at the Alexian Brothers' hospital at 9 p. m. The steady mist of rain found hundreds of families unprotected, saved by hastily constructed lean-tos against the few remaining walls.

Some were provided with tents. Three hundred of these were sent up from Jefferson Barracks today. The President Association, the Business Men's League and the public relief committee have provided for 150 families, each receiving food sufficient for two weeks and such shelter as was secured. All the transfer and express companies have hauled free the few belongings of the sufferers who secured rooms.

Attendance at all the churches was unusually large and the services were memorial in character. Dr. Schuyler dean of Christ Church Cathedral, held a special service, at which a large sum was contributed.

TALKING SERGES AGAIN TODAY

We know of nothing more appropriate or more popular for Summer wear. They are cool and comfortable. Stylish, yet neat, dressy, yet suitable for business or any and all occasions.

Suits are \$10, \$12.50, \$15, \$20 and \$25, in blue, black and gray. ALL GUARANTEED ABSOLUTELY ALL WOOL and FAST COLOR. All sizes. In all grades.

Other thin Suits, in Unlined Tweeds and Worsteds, Crash and Tow Linen. Thin Coats and Vests and Separate Coats, in variety and qualities enough to suit everybody.

Thin Underwear, 25c to \$3.75 per garment, Negligee Shirts, \$1.00 to \$4.00, Madras Ties, 15c each or two for 25c.

Summer Hosiery and all other summer haberdashery in newest styles and best qualities, at lowest prices.

Exceptional value in the R. C. & Co. Shoes. Tans, Russets, Calf, and Patent Calf, \$2.50 to \$6.50. All toes. All sizes and widths.

Straw Hats, for Men, Women and Boys. Newest shapes. Most popular braids. At popular prices. Men's, 50c to \$3.50. Boys' 25c to \$2.00. Ladies' \$1.00 to \$3.00.

ROBINSON, CHERY & CO., 12th and F Streets, CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS, HATS, SHOES.

The Morning Star

295,610 was the TIMES' circulation for last week.

The STAR'S circulation 179,094 for last week was...

GERMAN EYES ON CRETE

Government Regards the Situation as Threatening Peace.

GREEK UNION ADVOCATED

Dreßburg, However, Is Not Vitrally Interested in the Annexation of the Island to Greece, Though There Has Been Correspondence on the Subject—Greece's Desires.

Berlin, May 31.—The situation in Crete is engaging the most serious attention of the German government and greatly absorbing public interest as involving manifold dangers to the peace of Europe.

It is an open secret that the government, in the event of any radical change taking place in the relations between the islands of Crete and the ports, will support a proposal for the union of the island with the kingdom of Greece.

In the meantime the question of the annexation of the island of Crete to Greece is not one in which the Dreßburg is vitally interested, though communications have passed between the governments at Berlin, Rome, and Vienna dealing toward concerted action on the part of the Dreßburg powers in behalf of Crete, and the Greek government has asked the government of Germany to join Greece in exerting pressure upon Turkey against the latter's allowing large reinforcements of Turkish troops into the island with a view of wiping out the Cretan revolt by sheer force of numbers.

DESIRE A TRUCE.

What Greece most desires at present is that a sort of truce shall be established between the Turks and the Cretan rebels while the European powers confer as to means of a final settlement of the Cretan question.

At present the force of Turkish regular troops on the island is 7,200 men, and 1,800 additional troops are about leaving Salonica and an equal number are on the way of departure from Smyrna to reinforce them.

Opposing this force there are now over 20,000 Cretans under arms and they are being rapidly strengthened by Greek volunteers, who are well armed and possess immense supplies of provisions and munitions.

The Austrian clerical organ, Das Vaterland, expresses its understanding that the European powers desire that Crete shall be retained as a part of the Turkish Empire. Nevertheless the Austrian organ declares that the European powers are not in an unconscious of a fainting condition. She was taken into the church yesterday and died at 10 o'clock.

Little gave her medical attention, but she died before recovering consciousness.

Mrs. Leese was in her sixties and had been a member of the Memorial Church for over thirty years. She leaves a son, Charles Leese, and a grandson, Thomas O'Leary. The funeral will be held today afternoon from her late home at 4 o'clock.

AGITATING STERN'S CASE.

German Press Still Commenting on the Diplomatic Transaction.

Berlin, May 31.—The case of Louis Stern, New York, who forfeited his bail of \$50,000 under conviction of having lured Baron von Thuningen, deputy commissioner of the police at Kissingen, to the United States, has occupied a great deal of space in the columns of the German press since the publication of the correspondence on the subject, which passed between Baron Thuningen and the German minister at Washington, and Hon. Richard Olney, United States Secretary of State.

The home papers have assumed that the publication of the correspondence was due to Mr. Olney for the purpose of causing inconvenience to Baron von Thuningen and bringing about his retirement, but it has been pointed out that the correspondence was published in the ordinary course of things with no possible bias behind its appearance.

The opinion entertained in the foreign press that Stern did not exhaust the ordinary legal means at his disposal to obtain a reversal of his sentence and that he asked the State Department at Washington to interfere in his case before he had gone to the United States, has been completely refuted by all around which could have been ascertained.

Failure Due to Cyclone.

St. Louis, May 31.—The United Elevator Company of this city was placed in the predicament of a recent record of the company controls ten elevators along the river front here on both sides and is capitalized at \$2,000,000. For over a year the concern has been losing money and Wednesday night's disaster effectively sent them to the wall.

Congress Highlights List, \$10 cash; \$5 per month; Money advanced to build when lots are paid. Office, 631 Pa. ave. n.w.

OWNERS OF LOTS.

We have applications from builders for choice building sites, either for sale or exchange. Apply at The Times Real Estate Bureau.

FASTING AFTER 100 DAYS.

Mrs. Ingram of Michigan Does Not Yet Want Food.

La Porte, Ind., May 31.—Mrs. Henry Ingram, of Calhoun county, Mich., today entered upon the 100th day of her record-breaking fast.

During this period she has not taken a morsel of food of any kind, and does not appear to need anything to eat. Her health remains about the same, and her physicians are not at all alarmed for her condition, as she is able to keep her fast, which promises only to be ended by death.

The strange condition of Mrs. Ingram, as published in the newspapers today, resulted in bringing together last night two brothers-in-law, each of whom had mourned the other as dead. George Ingram, of Lyons, N. Y., found in Henry Ingram, of Detroit, Mich., the brother he had lost, and today at the bedside of Mrs. Ingram they were reunited.

ENGINEER M'BUCH IS HELD

Criminally Negligent in the Harlem River Drowning Accident.

Another Member of the Pleasure Party, Miss McKoon, Is Dead—Captain Also Arraigned.

New York, May 31.—Miss Lizzie McKoon, one of the party thrown into the Harlem river, opposite 127th street, last night, by the collision of the steam launch Ben Franklin and Transfer Boat No. 5, of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad, died at the Harlem hospital today.

The body of Kate Murray, who was drowned at the time of the accident, was recovered by a wrecking schooner today near where the launch sank.

The body of Mabel Wolfer, who was also drowned, has not been recovered.

Capt. W. W. Hamilton, of the Transfer Boat, and Frank M'Buch, engineer of the Ben Franklin, were taken before Coroner Dodge today after being arraigned in the Harlem police court.

Capt. Hamilton told the coroner that the launch ran into it. Officer Reed, who had investigated the accident, also said the launch ran into it.

Officer Reed told the coroner that M'Buch had charge of the launch appeared to be drunk when he arrested him on Saturday night. M'Buch, he said, had been in the launch at the time of the accident.

M'Buch, Jacob Wolfer, his daughter, Gertrude, Mabel, Miss Lizzie McKoon, and Miss Kate Murray, friends of the launch, were taken to the hospital.

According to the information, which the officer had, it ran into the transfer boat, which was carrying a large number of passengers, near the northern shore, and went into a dock at that point.

The launch sank and all hands were thrown into the water.

Capt. Reynolds of transfer tug No. 9, which was near, and his crew rescued all except two girls who were drowned, and he took the rescued ones on his boat to the Harlem hospital.

M'Buch said today that he took the launch out of the Memorial Church, he said, came with the Pennsylvania students from Philadelphia and who, he thought, was one of the students. He admitted, however, that he had previously received all orders from Manager Morgan.

He declared that the launch ran into the launch. Mr. Wolfer said that M'Buch was steering the launch when it struck the boat. M'Buch denied this, saying that Wolfer himself was at the wheel.

Coroner Dodge sent M'Buch to the Tombs in default of \$50,000 bail on a charge of criminal negligence.

DEATH BEFORE COMMUNION.

Mrs. Eliza Leese Dies Suddenly in the Luther Memorial Church.

Mrs. Eliza Leese, widow of Ezra Leese, of 1331 Fifth street, northwest, died suddenly in the Luther Place Memorial Church last night.

Mrs. Leese had attended the morning service, and had taken her seat in one of the front pews for the purpose of receiving communion, when she was observed to be in an unconscious of a fainting condition. She was taken into the church vestry and died at 10 o'clock.

Little gave her medical attention, but she died before recovering consciousness.

Mrs. Leese was in her sixties and had been a member of the Memorial Church for over thirty years. She leaves a son, Charles Leese, and a grandson, Thomas O'Leary. The funeral will be held today afternoon from her late home at 4 o'clock.

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MOSCOW FULL OF DEAD

Bitter Feeling Against the Police for the Coronation Disaster.

AT LEAST 1,100 VICTIMS

Official Figures Are Thought to Understate the Number Killed—Many Affecting Scenes Among Friends of the Dead and the Injured—Many Cannot Be Identified.

Moscow, May 31.—The city has not yet recovered from the shock occasioned by the frightful calamity that occurred yesterday on the Holyday Plain, during the progress of the great free feast and entertainment in connection with the coronation ceremonies, given at the expense of the czar to whomsoever desired to partake.

The extent of the disaster was not exaggerated in the first reports. As stated in these dispatches yesterday the representative of the United Press was an eyewitness of the stampede of the great multitude of people gathered on the plain, estimated to have numbered fully 500,000, and the sight was one never to be forgotten for its horror.

After the crowd had been dispersed by the police and military the field was strewn with the dead who had been killed by being crushed, trampled upon or by suffocation.

A great number of children were among the victims in the wild rush of the frenzied crowd they were swept away from their parents or others having charge of them, and their puny strength availed them naught when pitted against the irresistible force of the surging mob.

The instant they stumbled and fell life was crushed out of them. But this was not the case of the many mothers. No human strength could withstand the mad onrush of the crowd and safety could alone be found in allowing one's self to be carried forward and back in the pulsating crowd, devoting every energy to keeping up his feet.

OFFICIALS WORKED HARD.

The officials made every effort and offered every aid for the identification of the dead, but the bodies in hundreds of instances are utterly unrecognizable, the faces having been literally crushed out of all semblance to humanity. A careful search is made of each body for papers to establish its identity, and a record is made of the clothing on each corpse for the same purpose.

It was officially announced this morning that the total number of victims was 1,100. Most of them were non-combatants, a poor class of people, but among the number were many of the poverty-stricken residents of Moscow and villages in the neighborhood of the city.

The fete was practically for the benefit of this class of the population, and the middle classes generally held aloof from the entertainment or else visited the plain in the capacity of spectators.

The scene in the city last night and today has been a most painful one. The injured and the dead were taken to the hospitals and other charitable institutions, and further have gone thousands of persons seeking relatives or friends, hoping that the missing ones would be found among those who were only hurt, but dreaming the worst.

MANY AFFECTING SCENES.

Many affecting scenes were witnessed when it was found that those who were thought to be dead were still alive, though often terribly injured. Sometimes when a body was recognized by a relative, more frequently a mother whose little one had been torn away from her and its young life crushed out, the scene was heart-rending.

The stolid demeanor of the Russian peasant would vanish, and the low, plaintive wailing and floods of tears would bear witness to the bitter grief experienced.

Far into the night ambulances, fire trucks, and other vehicles were busily engaged in conveying the dead and injured into the city.

The representative of the United Press went again to the plain today and saw one of the effects of the mad rush. The ditches of the abandoned earthworks of the plain had been filled to the level with the bodies of those who had been driven into them by the awful pressure from behind. He had seen the bodies crushed to death were suffocated by the dead and dying about them.

In the passages between the booths from which the free food was distributed there were still lying the bodies of hundreds of the young and old, who had been trampled and children predominating. Some of the corpses were frightfully distorted, and on the faces still in death were looks of fear and horror. The sight was altogether a most gruesome one. The clothing had been torn and the bodies were in a semi-nude condition.

RUSH OF VISITORS.

The assertion is repeated today that the police were on the scene insufficiently strong numbers at an early hour to handle the crowds. It is a fact that there were only a comparatively few of them present at 6 o'clock in the morning, at which time the disaster occurred. There were then about a thousand attendants engaged in distributing the gifts of the czar to the important mob, and to them the calamity is indirectly attributable.

So great has been the rush of visitors to the hospitals today in search of missing relatives and friends that the work of doctors and physicians was seriously interrupted. This afternoon, therefore, the authorities gave orders for the transfer of the unclaimed bodies to the Vologodskoy cemetery, where they will remain for a time to enable them to be identified if possible.

The feeling of the mob was very bitter against the authorities, whom they held responsible for the disaster, and they were ready to take any action to avenge the disaster.

As a matter of fact, however, the authorities were in no wise to blame. It was impossible for them to foresee that such a great multitude would be present at such an early hour, but, at any rate, the precautionary measures adopted would have been sufficient had not the people become so frenzied. After the disaster the large force of military and police had the greatest difficulty in restoring even a semblance of order.

The czar's promise to help the bereaved families, coupled with the published expression of his intense grief and deep sympathy, has allayed the bitter feeling, and the people are warmly grateful to him for his action.

Although the official report places the

number of dead at 1,138, it is highly probable that the exact number of victims will never be known. The vice mayor reckons that 1,338 persons were killed and 236 seriously, perhaps fatally injured. The official figures, however, do not include many dead and injured who were removed by friends.

It would not be surprising if the number of deaths was largely in excess of the official figures.

The dead were placed in long lines upon the ground. There were very few coffins to be seen. In fact the supply of coffins and caskets was exhausted early yesterday, and today it is impossible to procure one in the city at any price. The bodies were covered with sheets and the long lines of white shrouded dead presented a ghastly spectacle. Here alone the number of dead exceeded the official figures, for in the rows there were 1,282 victims.

BLACKBURN IS JUBILANT

Kentucky Free Silver Democrats Say They Won a Fair Fight.

Cleveland and Carlisle Men Say They Would Vote for McKinley Rather Than a Silver Democrat.

Lexington, Ky., May 31.—The free silver leaders are jubilant today over their sweeping victory throughout the State yesterday.

Accurate figures on returns from the State show 670 silver delegates to the State Convention, against 249 for gold. The silver men carried every Congressional district in the State except the Fifth, which is the Louisville and Jefferson counties.

The western end of the State, including the First, Second, Third, and Fourth districts, did not send a single sound money delegate, and for that reason the leaders, who have consulted with Senator Blackburn, think it will be proper to make a Western Kentucky man chairman of the convention.

The choice will probably be made between ex-Congressman Woodruff, of the Third district, and Congressman Stone, of the Fourth district.

Senator Blackburn is disposed to be magnanimous. He said tonight: "There is no time for quarreling. The success of the Democratic party ought now to be the aim of every true Democrat. We have fought a good fight and we have won. We ought not to quarrel with our opponents, but to work for the good of the State."

The friends of Carlisle and Cleveland are not so easily gratified, for they say they will not vote for a free silver candidate for President. They openly avow their preference for McKinley or any other Republican for President.

Senator Blackburn will probably be made temporary chairman of the convention. He is in splendid spirits tonight over yesterday's victory and the hundreds of congratulatory telegrams he has received from all over the State.

CONFIRMED IN PRISON.

Thirty-seven Convicts Receive the Rites of the Catholic Church.

Trenton, N. J., May 31.—Thirty-seven male convicts, including three negroes, were confirmed at the State prison this afternoon, the rite being administered by Father John J. Baskin, of Trenton.

Three of the convicts, who were serving a term of years, were converts to the Catholic faith. They were baptized at the prison yesterday morning. The confirmation took place in the chapel of the prison.

Two hundred and fifty Catholic prisoners were present at the confirmation. All were in prison garb. Those confirmed were white and negro.

The ceremony was presided over by Father Baskin, who was assisted by the chaplain of the prison, and by the chaplain of the prison.

POLICE CHIEF IN DESPAIR.

Moscow, Officer Attempts Suicide on Account of the Accident.

London, May 31.—The Daily News will tomorrow publish a despatch from Moscow, stating that the police chief of the city, who was present at the coronation disaster, has attempted to commit suicide.

The despatch adds that many of the attendants at the coronation were killed, and that the police chief was one of the victims.

It further says that the great ball given by the French ambassador was, owing to the disaster, postponed.

PANIC ON A TROLLEY CAR.

Overhead Wire Broke and One Woman Was Killed by Struck.

St. Louis, Mo., May 31.—One person was killed, one fatally injured, and two seriously hurt yesterday afternoon in a panic on an electric car on the Corporation line.

The trolley wire broke and fell on the car, throwing the passengers into a panic. One woman was killed and two seriously hurt.

Miss Verena Pavlick, seventeen years old, came to her death. Miss Lilla Clonette, seventeen years old, sustained a compound fracture of the skull, and will die.

Miss Blanche Clonette, her sister, received a scalp wound, and Miss Yarnall, a butcher, has his right shoulder dislocated.

HARRISON GOING TO WISCONSIN.

Ex-President and Bride Will Summer at John C. New's Cottage.

Barfleur, Wis., May 31.—Green Lake is to be given this season with the exception of ex-President Harrison and his bride. It is said that they will spend most of the summer here and they are to be the guests of Gen. John C. New, who has a summer cottage here for many years.

They are expected to arrive next week and the news of the St. Louis convention will reach the ex-President here.

Fighting in Canea District.

London, May 31.—The Daily News will tomorrow publish a despatch from Athens saying that in relieving Varnos the Turkish troops first carried Varnos after a bloody fight. The position in the Canea district is serious. At Retimo the fighting continues and the Turkish troops are making progress.

The consuls at Heraklion have asked that warships be despatched to that place.

Socialists Nominate a State Ticket.

Chicago, May 31.—The socialist party of Illinois held its State convention at Chicago last night. The platform of the socialist party of the United States was adopted, and the convention pledged its support to the national ticket which is to be nominated in New York on the 4th of July.

Fire at Alton, Iowa.

Creston, Iowa, May 31.—About \$4,000 worth of property was destroyed this morning at Alton, near here, fire breaking out from some unknown cause and sweeping away S. Richard's general store, together with several other business buildings.

Pusha Relieves Varnos.

Athens, May 31.—Advices have been received here to the effect that Abdulhak Pasha has succeeded in relieving the town of Varnos, which was besieged by Christian insurgents.

BERMUDA NEARLY CAUGHT

Filibuster Returns to New York With a Thrilling Story.

SEVERAL OF HER PARTY LOST

Spanish Gunboat Gave Chase When the Bermuda Tried to Land the Cargo—Barely Escaped and Threw Overboard Most of Her Cargo—Went to Honduras for Fruit.

Philadelphia, May 31.—All conjecture regarding the whereabouts of the now famous filibustering steamer Bermuda were set at rest today when she landed at the Delaware river and made fast to her pier.

She came from Puerto Cortes, Honduras, and instead of arms and ammunition, her cargo consisted of 8,400 bunches of bananas and 8,000 silver dollars. The silver was taken out to buy fruit, but a strike among the fruit cutters, coupled with the belief that the vessel was not bound on a legitimate voyage made it impossible to secure a full cargo.

The attempt to land her outward cargo and passengers on Cuba's soil was a last failure, and the escape of the vessel from destruction by Spanish shells was little short of providential.

Bermuda sailed from Philadelphia on April 23, in command of Capt. O'Brien, for Jacksonville. She sailed from the latter port on April 26, in command of Capt. Riley, who succeeded O'Brien.

The expedition was composed of six men from Key West, Tampa, and Philadelphia, in command of General Leslie Vidali, a soldier and a former congressman, and a native of Santiago de Cuba.

HER CUBAN CARGO.

The cargo consisted of two galling guns, 1,000 rifles, a half million rounds of ammunition, and 1,000 pounds of dynamite.

An attempt was made under General Vidali's orders to land on the night of May 4, at a point on the coast of Cuba, ten miles east of Cardenas. A Spanish gunboat was seen early in the evening and a belief was entertained among the filibusters that she had been sent to capture them.

All hands were instantly in a state of hopeless demoralization, and a desperate attempt to get back to the coast was made. Only a few, however, reached the Bermuda, which started at once at full speed.

She had only run about eight miles when a second gunboat started in pursuit, which was kept up until daylight. There were repeated flashes of light from the guns on the Spanish warship. Solid shot and bursting shells fell thick and fast, until the distance between the vessels increased. The Bermuda being faster than the Spanish ship, which started at once at full speed.

Two days later the steamer arrived at Truxillo, Honduras, where